

**COURSE TITLE** : SYNCHRONOUS MACHINES AND FHP MOTORS  
**COURSE CODE** : 6033  
**COURSE CATEGORY** : A  
**PERIODS/WEEK** : 5  
**PERIODS/SEMESTER** : 75  
**CREDITS** : 5

**TIME SCHEDULE**

MODULE	TOPICS	PERIODS
1	Principle and construction of synchronous generator	18
2	Characteristics of synchronous generator and parallel operation	19
3	Synchronous motor and single phase induction motors	19
4	FHP motors	19
<b>Total</b>		<b>75</b>

Course Outcome:

Sl.	Sub	On completion of this course the student will be able:
1	1	To comprehend the working principle of alternator
	2	To understand the construction of alternator
2	1	To analyze the characteristics of synchronous generator.
	2	To understand the parallel operation of alternators.
3	1	To comprehend the working principle of synchronous motor.
	2	To understand the working principle of single phase induction motors
4	1	To understand the construction of various types of single phase induction motors
	2	To understand the construction and working principle of FHP motors.
	3	To know the field of applications of FHP motors

Specific Outcome:

### **MODULE I Principle and construction of synchronous generator**

- 1.1.1 To explain the principle of sinusoidal alternating EMF.
- 1.1.2 To determine the frequency of induced EMF.
- 1.1.3 To derive EMF equation of alternator.
- 1.1.4 To solve problems to calculate the EMF generated.
  
- 1.2.1 To understand the construction of alternator.
- 1.2.2 To describe the construction of synchronous generators.
- 1.2.3 To describe the armature winding and winding factor.
- 1.2.4 To explain rating of alternators.
- 1.2.5 To explain leakage reactance.
- 1.2.6 To describe armature reaction.
- 1.2.7 To describe synchronous impedance.
- 1.2.8 To explain alternator on load.
- 1.2.9 To describe the phasor diagram.
- 1.2.10 To describe the load characteristics.
- 1.2.11 To describe equivalent circuit.
- 1.2.12 To explain the effect of variation of power factor on terminal voltage.

### **MODULE II Characteristics of synchronous generator and parallel operation**

- 2.1.1 To describe the laboratory method for determination of synchronous reactance.
- 2.1.2 To determine effective resistance of armature.
- 2.1.3 To describe open circuit and short circuit test.
- 2.1.4 To determine the short circuit test.
- 2.1.5 To describe the voltage regulation by synchronous impedance method or EMF method.
- 2.1.6 To describe the voltage regulation by ampere-turn or MMF method.
- 2.1.7 To describe the voltage regulation by Potier method or Zero power factor method.
- 2.1.8 To solve problems to calculate the voltage regulation.
- 2.1.9 To derive the power developed by synchronous generator.
- 2.1.10 To describe losses and efficiency of alternator.
  
- 2.2.1 To explain the synchronizing of alternators.
- 2.2.2 To explain the synchronizing torque.
- 2.2.3 To describe the load sharing between two alternators.

### **MODULE III Synchronous motor and single phase induction motors**

- 3.1.1 To comprehend the working principle of synchronous motor.
- 3.1.2 To describe the principle of operation of synchronous motors

- 3.1.3 To describe the load on a synchronous motor
- 3.1.4 To describe effects of varying excitation on armature current and power factor of synchronous motors
- 3.1.5 To explain the equivalent circuit, phasor diagram of synchronous motor
- 3.1.6 To describe the power developed in a synchronous motor
- 3.1.7 To describe the power flow in a synchronous motor
- 3.1.8 To describe the different torques of a synchronous motor
- 3.1.9 To describe V and inverted V curves of synchronous motor
- 3.1.10 To describe main characteristics of synchronous motor
- 3.1.11 To describe synchronous condenser
- 3.1.12 To describe the starting method of synchronous motors
- 3.1.13 To explain the application of synchronous motors
- 3.1.14 To describe the production of two phase rotating magnetic field
- 3.1.15 To describe the classification of single phase induction motors
- 3.1.16 To explain why single phase induction motor is not self starting

#### **MODULE IV FHP motors**

- 4.1.0 To understand the construction of various types of single phase induction motors.
- 4.1.1 To describe the starting methods and types of single phase induction motors.
- 4.1.2 To explain resistance start single phase induction motors.
- 4.1.3 To describe capacitor start single phase induction motors.
- 4.1.4 To explain capacitor start capacitor run single phase induction motors.
- 4.1.5 To describe permanent capacitor single phase induction motors.
- 4.1.6 To explain the speed control of single phase induction motors.
- 4.2.0 To understand the construction and working principle of FHP motors.
- 4.2.1 To explain the working of shaded pole motor.
- 4.2.2 To describe commutator motors.
- 4.2.3 To describe series motors.
- 4.2.4 To explain the working of Universal motors.
- 4.2.5 To describe Repulsion type motors.
- 4.2.6 To compare the methods for starting of single phase induction motors.
- 4.2.7 To describe servo motors.
- 4.2.8 To describe stepper motors.
- 4.2.9 To describe switched reluctance motors.
- 4.2.10 To describe printed circuit board motors.
- 4.3.0 To know the field of applications of FHP motors.
- 4.3.1 To explain the applications of FHP motors.

## CONTENT DETAILS

### MODULE – I

Alternator - constructional details - generation of sinusoidal EMF – frequency - Armature winding - different types - distribution factor – chording factor – simple problems - E MF equation – problems - rating of alternator - Armature reaction - effect of pf – synchronous impedance - alternator on load-phasor diagrams - problems.

### MODULE – II

Regulation of alternator – definition - Testing of alternator - open circuit test - short circuit test - predetermination of synchronous reactance - regulation by EMF method – MMF method – ZPF method – problems - Direct load test – regulation – problems - Losses and efficiency - Synchronizing of alternator – characteristics - Synchronizing power and torque - load sharing.

### MODULE –III

Synchronous motor – construction – principle of operation – method of starting – effect of changing excitation on armature current and power factor – vector diagram synchronous condenser - V- curves and inverted V curves - Power developed - different torques – problems - Applications – comparison between synchronous motor and induction motor.

### MODULE –IV

Single phase induction motor – double revolving field theory - classification – split phase motor – capacitor start motor – capacitor start and capacitor run – shaded pole motor – speed control of single phase induction motor (voltage control) -Commutator motor – series motor – repulsion motor – servo motors – stepper motors – single phase synchronous motors - Switched reluctance motor – printed circuit board motors.

### REFERENCES:

1. BL Theraja. Electrical technology. Vol- II: S Chand & co.
2. JB Gupta. Theory and performance of electrical Machines: S. K. Kataria & Sons